GENERAL INFORMATION

SEERAD FARM CODE (CPH):

Crop Summary

Crop	На	Crop	На
Spring Barley		Vegetables	
Winter Barley		Pulses	
Winter Wheat		Fruit	
Spring Wheat		Temporary Grass	
Spring OSR		Permanent Grass	
Winter OSR		Other	
Spring Oats		Total Ha	
Winter Oats			

Contractors/Rodent Contractor/Chemical Suppliers

Name/Company	Telephone Number	Address		

Consultants FACTS/BASIS Details

	Name and Company	Registration Number
Basis Adviser		
Facts Adviser		

Spray Operator Details

Name/Company	Certificate of Competence No	SOC Course	Date Attended	NROSO No	Expiry Date

Waste Exemption Numbe	ers
-----------------------	-----

Local Beekeepers/Beekeeper Liason Officer

Name	Telephone



SCOTTISH QUALITY CROPS CHECKLIST As at 01 October 2022

7	11 Waste disposal, recycling waste transfer ticket	
12	Spray operator's certificate of competence PA1 PA2A (PA4s for slugs) PA6 knapsack (contractors included) NRoSO number with either evidence of a minimum of 10 CPD points earned or certificate of attendance at SQC course (during the current crop scheme year)	
13	Sprayer MOT date and number or completed self-assessment form, copy of last sprayer calibration (contractors included)	
4	14 BASIS adviser on BASIS Professional Register	

Т

15	Record any fields with eraot (CCP)
16	Completed mycotoxin risk assessment (CCP) for wheat crops https://ahdb.org.uk/mycotoxins
17	Complete Biodiversity Action Plan https://www.sqcrops.co.uk/documents/farm-documents/
18	Rodent records poison used, dates checked, plan of bait stations (CCP), CRRU Environmental Risk Assessment https://www.sqcrops.co.uk/documents/farm-documents/
6	Grain store record dates of cleaning including method, disinfectant or insecticide used Record dates for glass or hard plastic checked including spotlights, skylights and any machinery entering store
20	Record dates for checks undertaken on crop handling equipment including combine, forklift, drier
21	Moisture meter record date calibrated/checked
22	Long term store - record temperature of grain and temperature probe calibration
23	Grain trailer - record date of cleaning and disinfectant if used
24	Grain movements - record dates of grain leaving farm
25	Record any complaints https://www.sqcrops.co.uk/documents/farm-documents/
26	Farm appearance
27	Emergency action plan https://www.sqcrops.co.uk/documents/farm-documents/
28	Mass Balance completed every three months https://www.sqcrops.co.uk/documents/farm-documents/

SQC Grain Movement Record

လ္ ျ		1				
Notes						
Driver Signature						
Loader Signature						
Registration No.						
Haulier						7.
Merchant						
Approx. Tonnage						
Bio-fuel	`					111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Commodity		And the state of t				
Date						

SQC Grain Movement Record

Notes					
Driver Signature					
Loader Signature					
Registration No.					
Haulier					į
Merchant					
Approx. Tonnage					
Bio-fuel					
Commodity	4.6				
Date					

Harvest Year				FIELD RECORD	D				
Field	Area:	Ergot:		Harvest		Fertiliser (incl	Fertiliser (including FYM/slurry):	ry):	
Name/No:		* Present / Not Present	resent Date:	ài					
	Crop:	*Delete as appropriate							
Home Saved Seed	Purchased Seed Lot Number:	Variety:				Date:	Rate:	N:P:K	Accumulative
Yes / No			Treatment:	ent:					Nitrogen
Soil Type:									Applied
Previous Crop:		Sowing Date:	Seed Rate:	ate:					
Cultivations:		Soil	Ъ	メ	Mg				
		Analysis:							
		Date:							
							*		
*Compost/Digestate *Delete as appropriate	te as appropriate	Origin and Batch	Delivery PAS:	PAS:	Permit:	Application	Application	N:P:K	Accumulative
		No:	Date:			Dale.	۲. ادار		Nitrogen Applied
Supplier:									
Supplier:	- 1.00.11.10.								

<u> </u>	1	 		 		
Cost						
Spray time start finish						
Spray start						
Operator						
Wind	***************************************					
Wind						
Spray						
Water Volume						
Dose Rate						
List all products applied						
Reason for treatment	- LIAMANDANA - LA COMPANIE PROPERTY TO THE TANK OF THE					
Date Crop GS						
Date						

r	 				 		
Cost				 			
Spray time start finish							
Spray start							
Operator							
Wind							
Wind Direction							
Spray Quality							
Water Volume							
Dose Rate							
List all products applied							
Reason for treatment							
Crop GS							
Date applied							

LERAP (Please	Pesticide Classification	% Dose Rate	Sprayer Rating	S	Size of Water Course	er Course	a)			Size of Bu	Size of Buffer Zone			Date of Lerap	Signature
				-	2	ო	4	Ę	2m	3m	4m	5m	> 5m		
1 = Dry Ditch															
2 = <3 m															
3=3-6m															
4 = >6m															



SQC Biodiversity Plan

Please note that all Biodiversity Plans must include a detailed farm map, noting any ecologically sensitive areas such as ponds, streams, woodlands, field margins and marsh/bog areas.

1. How do you provide provisions for wildlife habitats?

Using the table below, identify any fields or areas of the farm that may be degraded or where deforestation may take place and cause problems for the ecologically sensitive areas previously identified on the farm map. رز ا

Action to avoid this			
Field/Area Identification & Example of potential problem			

3. Do the farming activities carried out, impact on the ecologically sensitive areas or biological corridors? If yes, please use the table below to identify these and provide actions to help prevent them.

Field/Area Identification & Example of potential problem	Action to avoid this	

SQC Sprayer Maintenance and Self Assessment form (complete annually if sprayer not NSTS tested) Owner: Operator: Reg No: Model: PA Cert no: Date: NRoSO no: Key: Checked/Completed **Needs Attention** Not Applicable Adjusted Regularly (cont) Regularly Controls and valves Mechanical Are the master on/off switches working correctly? Is the attachment to tractor secure? Are all boom section switches functioning? Is the chassis and structure free of cracks and rust? Can you read the pressure gauges easily? Are the wheels and tyres in good condition? Are guards, inc. PTO shaft guard, secure and undamaged? Is the pressure adjustment/stable? Hydraulic system, inc. tracking system if fitted. Pressure gauge reading zero? Are they free from leaks under pressure? Chemical induction system Are the hoses and connections worn or cracked? Are the system and controls working properly? Electrical system Is it free from leaks under pressure? Is the wiring undamaged & are all connections properly Are all labels appropriate and readable? insulated? Is the rinse system and container wash system working Do all the lights work properly? properly? Pneumatic system Tank rinse system Is the system free from leaks when under working under Is the system functioning properly? operating pressures? External washdown Sprayer tank Is the system functioning properly? Are the tank/chassis fasteners secure? Personal Does the lid fit securely and free from leaks? Water supply tank filled? Is the contents gauge clearly legible? LI Is the clothing locker clean and contents complete? Boom Periodical Is it properly latched when folded for transport? Jug test all nozzle outputs When unfolded, is it straight and level? Does the height adjustment and suspension work properly? Date Completed Does the boom return to level when displaced to left and right? Formally complete and file check sheet Are the break-backs functioning freely? Are the mountings and linkages secure and not worn? Independent test due (if applicable)..... 'Spray lines' Maintenance Required/Completed/Specific items Are they free from leaks under pressure? requiring attention No hoses and connectors worn or cracked? Are all valves and filters in good condition? **Nozzles** Are all fittings and turrets in good condition? Are all nozzles correctly orientated? Are all check valves working properly? Is the spray/distribution pattern visually correct?

Calibration Record – sprayers fitted with electronic controllers – for pressure and flow based control systems

Must be carried out regularly at the beginning of each spray season, (spring and autumn), and regularly during the season and always after changing tractor, tractor wheels, nozzles or replacing any part of the spray delivery system.

When calibrating the sprayer, wear a minimum of a coverall, gloves and boots: Make sure the sprayer is clean and flushed outside and inside to reduce the chance of contamination. Clean all filters.

Step	Action	Completion record/values
1	Half fill sprayer tank with water and take to a suitable field. Run sprayer to measure travelling speed from the sprayer based system. Check the results are accurate by using the formula: Speed = 360 ÷ time in seconds to travel 100m. Or cross reference from GPS system. (The tractor speed system cannot be relied on for accuracy)	
2	Check the rate controller system is functioning in the manual setting and that the pressure can be increased and decreased.	
3	Set the pressure to a suitable pressure for the nozzle used. (suggested pressure is 3.0bar except for low pressure nozzles) Visually check nozzles. If spray pattern looks wrong or the nozzle drips, clean the jet & if this does not help replace the jet or nozzle.	
4	Set sprayer box in automatic and put in a simulated speed setting so that the sprayer will spray while stationary. Set the controller to an appropriate rate for the size of the nozzles. (the ltrs/ha and speed you would actually use) Check the output of at least 4 nozzles using a calibration jug or flowmeter.	
5	With the recorded nozzle output apply the flow/application rate formulae to confirm Rate Controller is performing correctly: Output = Volume x Speed x Spacing ÷ 600 Itrs/min Itrs/ha km/hr meter	
	For pressure based systems:	
	Calibrate all nozzle sets in "manual mode" as in the third box from the top.	

Date completed:

Using flow based systems, if the nozzle is worn, liquid application will be correct but the drop size and pattern will vary. If using a pressure based system and the nozzle is worn, droplet size should be acceptable but application rate will be higher.

The usable capacity of the tank can be checked once the rate controller and nozzles have been calibrated. Fill the tank full with water and zero the "volume used" display. Spray out the contents until empty. Volume displayed will be the usable capacity of the tank. There will nearly always be some liquid left in the pipes, pump and a small amount will be left in the tank.

Further forms can be downloaded from the SQC Website www.sqcrops.co.uk or obtained by telephoning the FIA office: 0131 609 0558.

SQC Sprayer Maintenance and Self Assessment form

Owner: Model: Date:	Operator: PA Cert no: NRoSO no:	Make: Reg No:
Key: Checked/Completed Adjusted	✓ A	Needs Attention X Not Applicable na
Regularly		Regularly (cont)
Is the attachment to tractor secure? Is the chassis and structure free of cr. Are the wheels and tyres in good con Are guards, inc. PTO shaft guard, sec Hydraulic system, inc. tracking system Are they free from leaks under pressu Are the hoses and connections worn Electrical system Is the wiring undamaged & are all cor insulated? Do all the lights work properly? Pneumatic system Is the system free from leaks when unoperating pressures?	dition? cure and undamaged? if fitted. are? or cracked? anections properly	Controls and valves Are the master on/off switches working correctly? Are all boom section switches functioning? Can you read the pressure gauges easily? Are all labels appropriate and legible? Is the pressure adjustment/stable? Pressure gauge reading zero? Chemical induction system Are the system and controls working properly? Is it free from leaks under pressure? Are all labels appropriate and readable? Is the rinse system and container wash system working properly? Tank rinse system Is the system functioning properly?
Sprayer tank Are the tank/chassis fasteners secure Free from leaks? Does the lid fit securely and free from ls the contents gauge clearly legible?	leaks?	External washdown Is the system functioning properly? Personal Water supply tank filled? Is the clothing locker clean and contents complete?
Boom Is it properly latched when folded for the latent when unfolded, is it straight and leve Does the height adjustment and susp	ransport? i? ension work properly?	Periodical Jug test all nozzle outputs Date Completed
☐ Does the boom return to level when coright? ☐ Are the break-backs functioning freely ☐ Are the mountings and linkages secu	<i>?</i> ?	Formally complete and file check sheet Independent test due (if applicable)
Are they free from leaks under pressure No hoses and connectors worn or crack Are all valves and filters in good conditions.	cked?	Maintenance Required/Completed/Specific items requiring attention
Nozzles Are all fittings and turrets in good con Are all nozzles correctly orientated? Are all check valves working properly Is the spray/distribution pattern visual	?	

Calibration Record

Calibration

Must be carried out regularly at the beginning of each spray season, (spring and autumn) and regularly during the season and always after changing tractor, tractor wheels, nozzles or replacing any part of the spray delivery system.

When calibrating the sprayer, wear a minimum of a coverall, gloves and boots.

		Enter Values
Read the LABEL	Spray VOLUME Spray DOSE Spray QUALITY	
Measure TIME per 100m	Measure time in seconds over land similar to that to be sprayed	
Calculate SPEED	Speed = 360 ÷ Time (seconds)	
Measure nozzle SPACING on boom	(normally 0.5m)	
Calculate nozzle OUTPUT	Output = Volume x speed x space ÷ 600 (Litres/min) (km/h) (metre)	
Select NOZZLE	Refer to nozzle manufacturers chart and select size and type of nozzle that will produce the calculated OUTPUT and required spray QUALITY	

Now check the calibration of the sprayer:

Check Nozzle OUTPUT	Using water, check output of 4 or more nozzles using a calibration jug or flow meter.	
Calibrate SPRAYER	Volume = output x 600 ÷ space ÷ speed (Litres/ha) (litres/min) (metre) (km/h)	

Record Details Date Completed: _____

Nozzles fitted	Tractor used	
Spray volume	Tractor gear	
Spray pressure	Tractor wheels	
Spray quality	Tractor revs	
Forward speed		

Further forms can be downloaded from the SQC Website www.sqcrops.co.uk or obtained by telephoning the FIA office: 0131 609 0558

RODENT CONTROL

Weekly/Monthly Checks

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Initials											
ဖ											
/ation											
Observations											
Station 6	on:			i.							

Station 5	:uc										
Stati	locatio								•••		
on 4	າກ:										
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Station 2	location:										icides
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Station 1	location:										arry r
											s to
of B											ot nee
Name of Bait *											* Bait stations do not need to carry rodenticides
											ations
Date Checked											3ait st
Date							1				*



Risk assessment for fusarium mycotoxins in wheat

Action points

- Follow best practice to minimise fusarium mycotoxins in cereals
- Use this sheet or the online tool to assess risk of fusarium mycotoxins
- Assess risk pre-flowering and consider T3 fungicide (ear spray)
- Take accurate measurements of rainfall at flowering and pre-harvest
- Calculate final risk score at harvest and record on grain passport
- Check purchaser requirements to determine whether mycotoxin testing is required

Further information

Dhan Bhandari, AHDB dhan.bhandari@ahdb.org.uk

Simon Edwards, Harper Adams University sedwards@harper-adams.ac.uk

For other relevant publications, tools, videos and further information, please see cereals.ahdb.org.uk/mycotoxins

For rainfall information from the Met Office, please see wow.metoffice.gov.uk

Always consider your local conditions and consult a professional agronomist, if necessary

The need for accurate risk assessment

There are legal limits for fusarium mycotoxins deoxynivalenol (DON) and zearalenone (ZON) in wheat intended for human consumption and guidance limits for grain for feed. The owner (farmer, merchant or processor) is legally obliged to ensure the grain is safe for human consumption. For information on the current legal limits, please see cereals.ahdb.org.uk/mycotoxins

Assurance schemes

Crop assurance schemes are designed to help farmers comply with food laws. They include an audit of the risk assessment and an AHDB risk assessment score is required on the grain passport.

Risk Factors

Region

DON and ZON levels in wheat tend to be highest in southern and eastern England. Higher humidity in coastal areas may increase risk.

Previous crop

Crop residue on the soil surface is the major source of inoculum. The greatest risk is after grain maize or forage maize. Rotations should aim to minimise wheat sown after maize.

Cultivation

Complete burial of debris by ploughing is most effective at reducing the risk, while risk is highest with direct drilling. Intensive non-inversion tillage (three or more passes with discs or tines) is more effective at reducing risk than reduced non-inversion tillage (one or two passes).

Wheat variety

The risk assessment includes varietal resistance based on the AHDB Recommended List (RL) rating for fusarium ear blight. Learn more at **cereals.ahdb.org.uk/varieties**

T3 ear fungicide

Using an appropriate dose of an approved T3 ear fungicide with activity against fusarium and/or mycotoxin production reduces the risk, See cereals.ahdb.org.uk/fungicide for information on fungicide performance and activity.

Rainfall at flowering

Wet weather promotes fusarium development. The score is based on total rainfall during flowering (GS59–69 – full ear emergence to end of flowering).

Rainfall pre-harvest

Based on total rainfall from GS87 (dough development stage/start of ripening stage) to harvest.



If you require further copies of this form, please photocopy or download it from cereals.ahdb.org.uk/mycotoxins

Farm name								
Town		County				Postcode	epoc	
Store name			Field	Field	Field	Field	Field	Field
Factor	Details	Risk	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score
	High	4						
Region	Moderate	2						
(see map)	Low	-5						
	Very low	4-4						
C	Maize	ဖ						
Previous crop	Other	0						
	Direct-drilled	4						
10.14	Standard non-inversion tillage	m						
Cultivation	Intensive non-inversion tillage	2						
	Plough (soil inversion)	0						
Fusarium ear	RL rating 1-5	-						
blight resistance	RL rating 6-9	0						
rating	RL rating unknown	-						
	Pre-flowering risk score							
	<50% dose	0						
T3 ear fungicide	50-74% dose	-5						
	≥75% dose	ကု						
	>80mm	တ						
Rainfall at	40-80mm	9						
Tlowering (GS59–69)	10–40mm	က						
	<10mm	0						
	>120mm	12						
Rainfall pre-	80–120mm	6						
harvest (GS87	40-80mm	9						
to harvest)	20–40mm	က						
	<20mm	0						
	Final risk score							

Instructions

- Enter details of the store into which wheat from a single or multiple field(s) has been placed
- Enter individual field names. Note: Fields can be grouped if grown with the same agronomy and subject to the same rainfall
- For each field, enter the appropriate risk score for the factors stated. Note: Ensure both positive and negative scores are accounted for
- Record the final risk score on the grain passport.

 Note: If a load contains grain from multiple fields, record the highest score on the passport.

 Low-risk fields can have a negative final risk score.
- Check purchaser requirement to determine whether mycotoxin testing is required



10-15 Under 10

High Medium

Low

Over 15

Final risk score

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AHDB Stoneleigh Park Kenilworth Warwickshire CV8 2TL
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g.uk

If you no longer wish to receive this information, please email us on comms@ahdb.org.uk

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Signature

Date



Mass Balance Record

Name	of	Grower:
Idailic	V.	GIOVICI.

SQC Number:

Address:

Location of Store:

Number of Bulks in Store:

	Loaded Into Store	e (tonnes)	Loaded Out of Sto	ore (tonnes)	
Date	Compliant Crop	Non-Compliant Crop	Crop for Biofuel	Other Uses	Balance in Store (Total loaded in less total taken out)
Total at 3 months					
Total at 6 months					
Total at 9					
months					
Total at 12 months	s				

PESTICIDE STORE AND STOCK LIST

DATE	PESTICIDE	AMOUNT IN (ltrs)	AMOUNT OUT (ltrs)	TOTAL IN STOCK (ltrs)	SIGNATURE	COMMENTS
					A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	

Chemical store (annual check to identify if store contains pesticides for which approval has been withdrawn or will be withdrawn within the next two years)

Date of check	Checked by	Action / Result



The Voluntary Initiative

KNAPSACK SPRAYER: ROUTINE OPERATOR CHECKLIST

GENERAL		O.K.
CONDITION	Clean No apparent damage Strap fixing points secure	
	FILL WITH WATER Will straps take weight? Is sprayer stable when filled?	
LEAKAGE CHECK	Check for leaks, upright and on side	
FUNCTION CHECK	Check pressure relief valve to max. limit Spray Out -Is cut-off valve working? Is spray pattern correct? Is nozzle undamaged? Is nozzle flow rate within 10% of manufacturer's stated output?	
INTERNAL RESIDUE	Spray out until fan collapses and air appears Is remaining liquid less than cupful?	
FOLLOWING USE	Rinse with detergent Rinse twice with water - flush out through lance Clean nozzle and all filters in water with soft brush Clean outside of tank and straps Follow disposal procedure for rinsings	

MAKE SURE NO LIQUIDS ENTER ANY DRAINS

Developed by NSTS and the Crop Protection Association as part of the Voluntary Initiative

www.amenity.org.uk www.voluntaryinitiative.org.uk www.nsts.org.uk



Example

The Voluntary Initiative

Read the LABEL Spray VOLUME Product Dose Spray QUALITY

Calibration: Standard Method

Select NOZZLE

Refer to product label

Set PRESSURE Adjust pressure relief valve to appropriate position if fitted or use a pressure control valve

Measure TIME per 100 metres Determine time in seconds taken to spray over 100 metres. Wear full protective clothing and work on similar ground of that to be sprayed. Do this at least twice and take the average

Measure WIDTH Spray over a dry surface at consistent height. Measure width of sprayed band in metres.

Measure nozzle OUTPUT Spray into a bucket for the TIME in seconds per 100 metres. Decant into a calibrated container to measure output in millilitres (cc). Or measure quantity of water needed to replace the drop in the tank volume. Do this at least twice and take the average.

Calculate spray VOLUME VOLUME = OUTPUT ÷ WIDTH ÷ 100 ml/sq.metre millilitres metres

VOLUME = OUTPUT ÷ WIDTH ÷ 10 litre/hectare millilitres metres

200 litres/hectare 5.5 litres/hectare Medium

D / 2.5 / 1 Deflector

"LO"

95 seconds

1.7 metres

3500 ml in 95seconds (ie. 3.50 litres)

3500÷1.7÷100 = 20.6ml/sq.metre 3500÷1.7÷10 = 206 litre/hectare

If the spray volume is not within \pm 15% of the label recommendation, make small adjustments in speed or pressure and repeat the above steps. If these are not sufficient then change the nozzles and recalibrate.

Now, calculate the dose required for your sprayer tank:

DOSE

RATE TANK

TANK CAPACITY

Calculate amount of PRODUCT per tank Read the product dose label to get the dose rate for the job in hand

Find out the capacity of the tank, or the quantity of spray mixture if less than a full tank.

PRODUCT = DOSE x TANK ÷ VOLUME litre/tank I/ha litres litres/hectare

5.5 litres/ha

20 litres

5.5 x 20 ÷ 206 = 0.53 litres plus 19.47 litres water

All details must be entered in records

We are grateful to the BCPC for permission to reproduce the calibration method from the BCPC Hand-Held & Amenity Sprayers handbook

Calibration Sheet -	Knapsack	Sprayer
---------------------	----------	---------

NB. This sheet requires the use of METRIC units throughout

Step 1: Calculate your walking speed:

To do this, mark out a 100m run and time yourself over this distance whilst wearing full PPE and pumping the applicator.

FACTOR Seconds per 100m = Speed in kph

Step 2: Measure your spray width, by spraying onto a dry surface:

= Spray width (metres)
Metres

Step 3: Measure your nozzle output for one minute, by spraying into a measuring vessel:

= Flow rate in litres per minute Litres per Minute

Step 4: Calculate the application volume in litres per hectare and compare to the label recommendations:

Flow Rate FACTOR Spray Width Speed I/ha

If the rate does not comply with product label guidelines, it may be necessary to change pressure, nozzle, spray width or speed and try again.

Activity: Using information supplied to you by the presenter, complete the above calibration sheet.

Step 5: Calculate pesticide and water required for a full tank and a specified area.

To calculate pesticide required for a full tank:

Dose rate(I/ha)	÷	Application volume (I/ha)	Х	Tank size(I)	=	Pesticide required
	÷		Х		=	Litres

To measure an area and express in HECTARES:

ength(m)	X	Width(m)	÷	10 000	=	Area in hectares
	V			10 000		

To calculate spray required for an area:

Application Volume (I/ha)	Х	Area (ha)	=	Total spray (litres)
	Х		=	Litres

To calculate pesticide required for an area:

Dose rate(I/ha)	Х	Area (ha)	Х	1000	=	Pesticide required
	Х		Х	1000	=	ml

Activity: Using information supplied to you by the presenter, complete the above calculations for both a full knapsack and a specified area.

GRAIN STORES

Weekly/Monthly Checks

r		 Г	1	1		1			 		·····	
	Operator											
	Action taken / Comments											
	Glass Not Protected											
Tick if Present	Birds											
Tick if F	Domestic animals											
	Rodents											
	Location:											
	Location											
ာ့	Location											
Temp in °	Location:											
Te	Location:											
	Location:											
	Location:											
	Store											
	Date											

Grain Store (pre-harvest hygiene checks)

Date bait bags/insect traps checked									
Date disinfection / insecticide applied									
Name of food grade disinfectant / insecticide used									
Date store washed									
Date store swept / vacuumed	The state of the s								
Date store cleaned									
Rainproof Yes or No									
Location									
Store Type									

Glass Protection System It is recommended that plastics are included in your store check to avoid grain contamination

	, ,			 ,	·····	,			 ,		
Initials	ANF	ANF									
Date Action Checked	10/10/10	05/06/11									
Action Taken	New plastic cover fitted	New mirror fitted									
Initials	AN Farmer	AN Farmer									
Date Checked	01/10/10	01/06/11									
Glass protected ✓ Or X	×	×									
Observation	Cracked polycarbonate (plastic) cover	Broken mirror									
Glass Type	Light cover	Mirror									
Location	Cattle court 1	Manitou									
Type	Eg. Temp Store	Eg. Wing mirror									

FARM EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN

In case of emergency dial 999 from your mobile phone or the nearest landline which is situated:

Give the following information including the nature of incident including any remaining hazards:

Farm Name and Address:	
OS Ref:	
Farm contact:	
Farm telephone No:	
Location of Domestic Water Supply Field Name, OS No. etc:	
Move any staff, livestock and machinery a	away from the danger area if safe to do so.
LOCATION OF IMPO	ORTANT FACILITIES
Location of fire extinguishers:	Location of gas and electricity isolation points:
Location of washing facilities:	Location of nearest water source (tap, bowser of other water source etc):
Location of surface water and foul water drains:	Location(s) of first aid box:
	Trained First Aider:

Other Useful Contacts	Telephone Numbers
Local Casualty Department	
Local SEPA /Environmental Agency Tel No	
Doctors Tel No and Name	
Local Police Station	
Local Fire Dept	
Electricity Company	
Gas Company	
Water Company	
Emergency Waste Disposal Company	

DON'T TAKE RISKS – Remember to display a copy for your staff!

ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT FORM





READ THE ADVISORY NOTES PROVIDED BEFORE YOU CARRY OUT AN ASSESSEMENT

		,	
Before the ERA	Name of Site and Address:		
	Name of Client and/or Client's site representative:		H
	Contract no:		
	Name of Assessor:		
	Date of Assessment:		
The Infestation	Carry out a site survey and provide the document reference.	Document ref:	
	Were environmental risks noted during the survey? Complete an ERA and the remainder of this form is the answer is yes.	Yes / No	
	Is there a current rodent infestation?	Rat: Yes / No	Mouse: Yes / No
æ	Is the rodent infestation situated only indoors and will baits only be placed indoors?	Yes / No	
	Is there a significant risk to human health or animal health presented by a possible future infestation?	Yes / No	
	Do you intend to use long-term baiting?	Yes / No	
	If 'yes' give the reference to the document showing justification:	Document ref:	•
Risk Hierarchy	Why is it necessary to use a rodenticide at this site? Why can't the situation be resolved by other methods, such as improving hygiene and preventing rodent ingress to sensitive areas or traps?		
	If you intend to use SGARs and not FGARs explain why.	5	
			u u

Sensitive areas	Record if the site is entirely, or contains a part of, one of the designated sensitive areas listed in the advisory leaflet. If so, list any protected species that may be present.	
Products	Give product name, active ingredient and HSE Authorisation Numbers† for all products to be used.	
The ERA*	Provide a list of all environmental risks you perceive to be present at the site:	
	Provide a list of all the measures you will use during rodenticide application at the site to reduce the risks you have identified:	
Disposal of rodent carcases	How often will you search for rodent carcases?	
	Will others on site also search for rodent carcases? What measures will you use safely to dispose of rodent carcases?	Yes / No
Disposal of spent bait	How will you dispose of spent bait?	
Conclusion * if there is insufficient ro	With due consideration to the information recorded above, can this treatment safely proceed without unacceptable damage to wildlife and the environment? om in the boxes provided use additional sheets and see	

......

[†] shown on product labels

ANNUAL CHECKS (year

FYM/Fertiliser spreader (spring check of calibration and spreading pattern)

Machine	Date of check	Checked by	Maintenance and Uniformity of distribution	Calibration check	Action / Result
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					фильмоноверетететете

it at the harmon of sorting and autumn seasons, and requisity throughout the seasons or after changing gozzles or other parts of the delivery system). Sprayer (

Action / Result							
Calibration check							
Maintenance check or	NSTS Test Number	and a design and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a second and			the company		
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Date of check	Or NSTS test	date			The state of the s	***************************************	A management of the format of the first of t
Machine			VIII.		- Och a Solid (see		
	Date of check	Date of check Checked by Maintenance check or Calibration check Or NSTS test NSTS Test Number	Date of check Checked by Maintenance check or Calibration check Or NSTS test date	Date of check Checked by Maintenance check or Calibration check Or NSTS test date	Or NSTS test date	Or NSTS test date	Or NSTS test date

Grain drier/Combine/Loading Equipment Maintenance Checks

Machine	Date Checked	Checked by	Maintenance Required	Action/Result
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- CONTINUED		The state of the s		
		The state of the s		

Moisture meter (calibrated against standards)

Action / Result		A SALAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	
Checked by			
Date of check by		A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	

Trailer pre-harvest hygiene

Disinfectant Used		
Cleaning Process (swept/power washed)		
Date		

Bait Point Location Plan

Please draw map (below) to illustrate where Bait Points are located

SQC – Member's Complaints Register - If no complaints received, complete Section 2

Section 1

Name and address of Complainant	Date received	Nature of complaint	Proposed correction action	Date action finished
Eg. Grain Company, Dock 1 The Keys	09/09/10	Saw tooth grain beetle	Treat grain with Reldan 22	12/09/10

Section 2

Harvest Year:	No Complaints Received	Signature:	Date:	
Harvest Year:	No Complaints Received	Signature:	Date:	